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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/846,117		04/30/2001	Derek Leigh Lownsbrough	011.0201.01 5237		
22895	7590	08/03/2004		EXAMINER		
PATRICK		UYE P S	AHMED, FAROOQUE			
810 3RD A' SUITE 258	VENUE		•	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
SEATTLE,	WA 98	104		2157 DATE MAILED: 08/03/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/846,11	7	LOWNSBROUGH ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	<del></del>	Art Unit				
	Farooque		2157				
The MAILING DATE of this comm Period for Reply	unication appears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addr	ess			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMU  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisi after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this or If the period for reply specified above is less than thint. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for really reply received by the Office later than three mont earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b)	JNICATION. ons of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no eventual munication. y (30) days, a reply within the statu, a statutory period will apply and will sply will, by statute, cause the apply after the mailing date of this cor	ent, however, may a reply be tim  utory minimum of thirty (30) days  Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from  ication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this comi	munication.			
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s)	filed on <u>04/30/2001.</u> .						
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	2b)⊠ This action is no	on-final.		•			
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-38</u> is/are pending in th 4a) Of the above claim(s) is 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-38</u> is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to res	s/are withdrawn from cor	,					
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by	the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) includ 11) The oath or declaration is objected							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a clai a) All b) Some * c) None of 1. Certified copies of the prior 2. Certified copies of the prior 3. Copies of the certified copie application from the Interna * See the attached detailed Office ac	ty documents have beer ty documents have beer es of the priority docume tional Bureau (PCT Rule	n received. n received in Application nts have been receive e 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National St	age			
Attachment(s)		•					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary					
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 8/20/2001.</li> </ul>		Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:		52)			

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1. This action is responsive to the application filed **04/30/2001**. Claims 1-38 are pending. Claims 1-38 Represent System and Method for Efficiently Forwarding Client Requests From a Proxy Server in a TCP/IP Computing Environment.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claim 1-38,rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter, which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. Clearly applicant does not clearly described & distinguish between terms such as "idle time" & "time – to-idle" and, not actively connection," warm idle, cold idle connection".

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#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

4. Claims 1-38 are rejected under 35 USC § 102(e) as being anticipated by Smith et al., U.S. patent no. 6,308,238.

Smith teaches the invention as claimed includes. (See abstract).

In reference to claim 1Smith teaches a system for efficiently forwarding client requests in a distributed Computing environment, comprising:

- (a) A socket receiving a plurality of non-proxiable requests commonly addressed to an origin server from individual sending clients; (Smith discloses application proxies establish and mange connections between server socket and clients, See abstract, figs 1,4,12,and column 1 lines 40-58; column 2, line1-35; column 4,lines 1-40; column 5 1-40).
- (b) a time estimates generator dynamically generating, concurrent to and during processing of each request, time estimates of service availability based on a time-to-idle for sending the requests over each of a plurality of connections to the origin server; and (Smith discloses master process with executing code provide a connection to the server with plurality of client process request allover control with

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various proxy. (See abstract, figs1-4 column 1, lines 37-67; column 2 lines 2-37; column 5 lines15-57).

(c) a connection manager selecting the connection to the origin server with a substantially highest service availability and a substantially lowest time-to-idle and forwarding each request to the origin server using the selected connection. (Smith disclosed adapter card managing connection and a proxy application receiving a client request over server and forwarding over fast bus connection. (See abstract, figs 1-5 column 1, lines 37-67; column4 lines 1-54; and column 5 lines15-57).

As to claim 2, Smith teaches the system as recited in claim 1, where the connection manager selecting a connection not actively sending a

request with a zero time-to-idle and not subject to a slow start overhead incurred responsive to flow control imposed by the sending client (Smith disclosed adapter card managing connection in various models of client process over sever Networks with TCP Initializing sending a data in register buffer (See fig 1-5, column 2 lines 1-60; column 3 lines 64-67; column4, 1-65; and column 5,15-67; column 6,4-63; column 8 lines 1-67).

As to claim 3, Smith teaches the system as recited in claim 2, where the connection manager selecting a connection actively sending a request with a time-to-idle less than the slow start overhead, plus request transfer time if the connection is pipelined (Smith disclosed adapter card managing connection in various models of client process over sever Networks Initializing sending a data through FTP HTTP. (See figs 1-5, column 2 lines 1-60; column 3 lines 64-67; column4, 1-65; column 5 lines15-56; column 6 lines 4-63).

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As to claim 4, Smith teaches the system as recited in claim 2 where the connection manager selecting a connection not actively sending a request with a zero time-to-idle and subject to the slow start overhead. (Smith disclosed adapter card managing connection with other client over sever Networks Initializing client process (See fig 1-5, column 2 lines 1-60; column 3 lines 64-67; column 4 1-65; and column 5 15-56; column 6 4-63; column 7 lines 14-54).

As to claim 5, Smith teaches the system as recited in claim 2 described further comprising: the connection manager selecting a connection actively sending a request with a time-to-idle less than a connection setup overhead, plus request transfer time if the connection is pipelined (Smith disclosed adapter card managing connection in various models of client process over sever Networks Initializing setting connection setting sending a data through FTP HTTP. over setting connection state. (See figs 1-5, column 2 lines 1-60; column 3 lines 64-67; column 4, lines1-65; and column 5 ines15-56; column 6 lines 4-63).

As to claim 6,Smith teaches the system as recited in claim 5, where the connection manager selecting a new connection in the absence of an existing connection with a time-to-idle less than the connection setup overhead (Smith disclosed Adapter card managing connection between second clients and server setting a client process connection. (See figs 4,5 7,column 7 lines 15-50; column 8 lines 8-67).

As to claim 7, smith teaches the system as recited in claim 5, where the connection manager selecting an existing connection with the Substantially lowest time-to-idle (Smith disclosed Adapter card with master process determined and

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establishing a connection requested by first client. (See figs 4,5 7,column 7 lines 15-50; column 8 lines 8-67).

As to claim 8, Smith teaches the system as recited in claim 1,

Wherein the distributed operating environment is TCP/IP-compliant, the system further comprising:

the time estimates generator providing time estimates for each connection comprising at least one of TCP overhead, time-to-idle, idle time, and request transfer time (Smith disclosed Adapter card managing connection with master process determined with TCP/IP stack and establishing an idle connection by client application process. (See figs 1-5,column 5 lines 41-67; column 6 lines 15-50;column 8 lines 8-67)

As to claim 9, Smith the system as recited in claim 8 comprises TCP overhead, the system further comprising:

the time estimates generator calculating the TCP overhead by adding a three-way handshake overhead to a slow start overhead (Smith disclosed Master process determined TCP protocol stack with client process. (See figs 3,6,7, column 5 lines 41-67; column 7 lines 57-67; column 8 lines 13-50).

As to claim 10, Smith teaches the method of as recited in claim 8 where the time estimates generator calculating the request transfer time by multiplying the size of the request by an average connection speed for the origin Server (Smith disclosed Master process connection request and a client data structures buffer with a great size of capacity. (See Figs 12-15, column 10 lines 36-67; column 11 lines 1-67; column 12 lines 22-64).

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As to claim 11, Smith teaches the system as recited in claim 8 the time estimates generator calculating the time-to-idle upon each receipt of a request by adding the time-to-idle to the product of an average connection speed for the origin server multiplied by the sum of the request size and an estimated response size (Smith disclosed Master process determined a data accumulated queue with client process and establish a bus connection to server. (See Figs 7-15,column 8 lines 12-67;column 10 lines 1-67; column 9 lines 1-67; column 10,lines 36-67; column11 lines 1-67; column 12 lines 22-64).

As to claim 12, Smith teaches system of as recited in claim 8 where the time estimates generator calculating the time-to-idle upon writing data to a socket by subtracting the time-to-idle from the product of an average connection speed for the origin server multiplied by the amount of data written. (Smith disclosed Master process determined with client process calculating the storage data by adding by the length valid data accumulated queue with client process and establish a bus connection to server. (See Figs 7-15,column 8 lines 12-67;column 10 lines 1-67;column 9 column 10 lines 36-67; column 11 lines1-67; column 12, lines 22-64; column 13 lines 15-50).

As to claim 13, Smith teaches the system as recited in claim 8 where the time estimates generator calculating the time-to-idle upon reading data from a socket, prior to header data, by subtracting the time-to-idle from the product of an average connection speed for the origin server multiplied by the

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mount of data read (Smith disclosed Master process determined with F/N client process ready queue, calculating the storage data from socket and by adding by the length valid data accumulated queue with client process and establish a bus connection to server. (Fig 7-15,column 8 lines 12-67;column 10lines 1-67; column 9 column 10,lines 36-67; column11 lines1-67; column 12, lines 22-64; column 12 lines 22-64; column 13 lines 15-50).

As to claim 14,Smith teach the system as recited in claim 8 where a proxy configured in a location comprising at least one of local to the sending clients, in the infrastructure of the distributed computing environment.

and local to the origin server (Smith discloses that proxy application retrieved and identify first Clint data structure client requests determined the buffer had located it request.). (See abstract fig 15, column 12 lines 13-67).

As to claim 30 Smith teach the system where A system for efficiently forwarding client requests from a proxy server in a TCP/IP computing environment, comprising: (See abstract, column 5 lines 40-67).

sending clients, each request being commonly addressed to an origin server; (Smith discloses application proxies establish and mange connections between server socket and clients See abstract, fig 1,4,12,and column 1 lines 40-58; column 2 line1-35; column 4,lines 1-40; column 5 lines1-40).

means for receiving a plurality of transient requests from individual

means for dynamically calculating, concurrent to receiving and during

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processing of each request, time estimates of TCP overhead, slow start overhead, Smith discloses master process with executing code provide a connection to the server with plurality of client process request allover control with various proxy. (See abstract, 1-4, fig column 1, lines 37-67, column 2 lines 2-37, column 5 lines15-57).

time-to-idle, and request transfer time for sending the requests over each of a plurality of managed connections to the origin server; (Smith disclosed adapter card managing connection and a proxy application receiving a client request over server and forwarding over bus connection. (See abstract, figs 1-5, column 1lines 37-67; column 4 lines 1-54; and column 5 lines 15-57).

means for choosing the managed connection from, in order of preferred selection, a warm idle connection, an active connection with a time-to-idle less than a slow start overhead, a cold idle connection, an active connection with a time-to-idle less than a TCP overhead, a new managed connection, and an existing managed connection with a smallest time-to-idle; and (Smith disclosed Master process select a active connection determined TCP protocol stack with client process. (See figs 3, 6,7, column 5 lines 41-67; column 7 lines 57-67; column 8 lines, 13-50).

means for forwarding each request to the origin server over the selected managed connection. (Smith disclosed Adapter card with master process determined and establishing a connection requested by first client. (See figs 4,5 7,column 7 lines 15-50; column 8 lines 8-67).

As to claim 31, Smith teach the system as recited in claim 30 where

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means for adding the request transfer time during each active connection selection if the managed connection is pipelined. Smith disclosed adapter card managing connection in various models Networks Initializing sending a data through FTP HTTP. (See figs 1-5, column 2 lines 1-60; column 3 lines 64-67; column 4 lines1-65; and column 5 lines15-56; column 6 lines 4-63).

As to claim 32, Smith teach the system as recited in claim 30 where means for calculating the TCP overhead by adding a three-way handshake overhead to a slow start overhead', (Smith disclosed Master process determined TCP protocol stack with client process. (See figs 3,6,7, column 5 lines 41-67; column 7 lines 57-67; column 8 lines 13-50).

means for calculating the request transfer time by multiplying the size of the request by an average managed connection speed for the origin server; and means for calculating the time-to-idle, comprising: (Smith disclosed Master process determined with F/N client process ready queue, calculating the storage data from socket and by adding by the length valid data accumulated queue with client process and establish a bus connection to server. (See Figs 7-15,column 8 lines 12-67; column 9 lines 1-67; column 10,lines 36-67; column 11 lines1-67; column 12 lines 22-64; column 13 lines 15-50).

upon each receipt of a request, means for adding the time-to-idle to
the product of an average managed connection speed for the origin server
multiplied by the sum of the request size and an estimated response size; (Smith
disclosed Master process determined a data accumulated queue with client process

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and establish a bus connection to server. (Fig 7-15,column 8 lines 12-67,column 10 lines 1-67, column 9 column 10,lines 36-67, column11, 1-67lines columns 12, lines 22-64).

upon writing data to a socket, means for subtracting the time-to-

idle from the product of an average managed connection speed for the origin Server multiplied by the mount of data written; and Smith disclosed (Smith disclosed Master process determined with client process calculating the storage data by adding by the length valid data accumulated queue with client process and establish a bus connection to server. (Fig 7-15,column 8 lines 12-67,column 10lines 1-67, column 9 column 10,lines 36-67, column11, lines1-67column 12, lines 22-64 column 12 lines 22-64, column 13 lines 15-50).

upon reading data from a socket, prior to header data, means for subtracting the time-to-idle from the product of an average managed connection speed for the origin server multiplied by the amount of data read (Smith disclosed Master process determined with F/N client process ready queue, calculating the storage data from socket and by adding by the length valid data accumulated queue with client process and establish a bus connection to server. (See Figs 7-15,column 8 lines 12-67;column 10 lines 1-67; column 9 column 10 lines 36-67; column11 lines1-67; column 12 lines 22-64; column 13 lines 15-50).

As to claim 33, Smith teaches the system as recited in claim 30 where a system, wherein each transient request is communicated in accordance with HTTP (Smith

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teaches Method for Efficiently Forwarding HTTP request to clients in proxy server Computing Environment. (See Figs 3,column 3,64-67; column 4 lines9-40; column 6-lines 16-54).

Claims 15-29 & 34-38 do not teach or define any new limitations above claims 1-14 & 30-33 and therefore are rejected for similar reasons.

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Farooque Ahmed whose telephone number is 703-605-4212. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30 to 5:00

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on (703) 308-7562. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Farooque Ahmed/Examiner Art Unit 2157

SALEH NAJJAR PRIMARY EXAMINER